Arrest & Conviction: A FAIR HOUSING GUIDE





DO YOU HAVE AN **ARREST RECORD?**

Under the Illinois Human Rights Act, a housing provider cannot discriminate against you based on an arrest that did not lead to a conviction, a juvenile record, or any record information ordered expunged, sealed, or impounded.

If you have been denied or otherwise removed from housing due to an arrest not leading to a conviction or another covered record, you can send a letter of selfadvocacy (see page 2) or reach out to your local fair housing organization. Find a fair housing organization here:

hud.gov/program offices/fair housing equ al opp/contact fhip

WHO IS PROTECTED?

Everyone in the United States is protected from discrimination in housing based on their:

- Race
- Color
- Religion
- Sex*
- National origin
- Disability
- Familial Status**

Illinois offers additional protections for:

- Ancestry
- Pregnancy
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender Identity
- Order of Protection Status
- Age (40+)
- Military Status
- Arrest Record
- Source of Income
- Immigration Status***

Cook County also offers additional protections:

- Housing Status
- Caste
- Ethnicity
- Bodily Autonomy
- Covered criminal history****

*includes sexual harassment **includes pregnancy status ***beginning 1/1/2024 ****As per the Just Housing Amendment cookcountyil.gov/content/just-housingamendment-human-rights-ordinance





@hopefairhousing



hopefair.org

DO YOU HAVE A PREVIOUS CONVICTION RECORD?

Housing providers should take an individualized approach when evaluating your record. Blanket "no conviction" bans without consideration of individual circumstances are discriminatory. If a housing provider denies you based on a conviction, they must be able to show that your particular record indicates a risk to resident safety and/or property.

Housing providers should consider and allow you the opportunity to discuss things like:

- 1. The nature and severity of the conviction
- 2. The amount of time that has passed
- 3. Any evidence of rehabilitation efforts
- 4. Any tenant history before and/or after the conviction

View the full guidance from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) at hud.gov (dated <u>April 4, 2016</u> & <u>June, 10 2022</u>)

If you have been denied or otherwise removed from housing due to your conviction record, you have options. You can **send a letter of self-advocacy** or reach out to your local fair housing organization (see page 1).

Self-advocacy letters: hopefair.org/toolkits

FILING A COMPLAINT

If you believe you have faced housing discrimination, you have the option to file a complaint. Reach out to HOPE for filing assistance. You can file within one year from the last act of discrimination with:

The Illinois Department of Human Rights (IDHR) dhr.illinois.gov/filing-a-charge/housing.html or (312) 814-6200 / (866) 740-3953 (TTY).

US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

<u>hud.gov/fairhousing/fileacomplaint</u>

or (312) 913-8453 / (312) 353-7143 (TTY)

If you live in Cook County, you have additional rights under the <u>Just Housing Amendment</u>. File a complaint at: https://www.cookcountyil.gov/service/complaint-filing-and-investigation or (312) 603-1100

